AP 7217 INSTRUCTIONAL ROTATION

References:
None

Marin Community College is responsible for providing a variety of qualified instructors for all of its educational programs. Therefore, the College District shall make it possible for permanent certificated employees to teach a variety of courses for which they are qualified, through course instructional rotation. The objective of course instructional rotation is to enhance instruction in all disciplines and to provide a variety of presentation, both for students and instructors.

Criteria For Instructional Rotation

1. Each department shall develop guidelines for the rotation of teaching assignments and submit them to the Academic Senate which will keep all rotation guidelines on file which will make recommendations to the Vice President, Academic Affairs. These guidelines should be submitted annually by the beginning of each fall semester and be approved by November 20 for the following academic year. Changes to a department’s guidelines shall be submitted to the Academic Senate.

2. The initial request for course assignment shall go to the Department Chair in writing. If an agreement is not reached at the department level, the request shall go to the appropriate Dean. If the request is not resolved by the Dean, it shall go to the Vice President, Academic Affairs, for final disposition.

3. The Chief Instructional Officer Vice President, Academic Affairs, shall make final decisions regarding course assignments taking into account departmental rotation guidelines, such requests and the recommendations of the Department and the Dean of the subject area.

4. This procedure is not to conflict with policies in the union contract or with state law.
NOTE: The red type signifies language that is suggested as good practice by the Community College League and legal counsel (Liebert Cassidy Whitmore). The language in black ink is current College of Marin Procedure 5.0003 DP.1 titled Guidelines for Employment – Instructional Rotation approved on 5/23/88. The information in green type was added by the Human Resources Office. The information in purple type was added by the HR and the Academic Senate President. This was reviewed by the Yolanda B. and Linda Beam on 3/10/10. Ok’d by VP Nick Chang per Yolanda B. Passed Academic Senate 3/25/10.

Date Approved:
(Replaces current College of Marin Procedure 5.0003 DP.1)
87400. Governing boards of community college districts shall employ for academic positions, only persons who possess the qualifications therefor prescribed by regulation of the board of governors. It shall be contrary to the public policy of this state for any person or persons charged, by those governing boards, with the responsibility of recommending persons for employment by those boards to refuse or to fail to do so for reasons of race, color, religious creed, sex, or national origin of those applicants for that employment.

87405. (a) Governing boards of community college districts shall not employ or retain in employment persons who have been convicted of any sex offense as defined in Section 87010 or controlled substance offense as defined in Section 87011. If, however, any such conviction is reversed and the person is acquitted of the offense in a new trial or the charges against him or her are dismissed, this section does not prohibit his or her employment thereafter.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), no person shall be denied employment or not be retained solely on the basis that he or she has been convicted of a sex offense or a controlled substance offense if he or she has obtained or applied for a certificate of rehabilitation and pardon under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code, and if his or her probation has been terminated and the information or accusation has been dismissed pursuant to Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a person may be employed or retained despite being convicted of a sex offense or a controlled substance offense if the governing board determines from the evidence presented that the person has been rehabilitated for at least five years, or has received a certificate of rehabilitation and pardon pursuant to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code, or if the accusation or information against the person has been dismissed and he or she has been released from all disabilities and penalties resulting from the offense pursuant to Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code.

87406. Governing boards of community college districts shall not employ or retain in employment any person who has been determined to be a sexual psychopath under the provisions of Article 1 (commencing with Section 5500), Chapter 1, Part 1.5, Division 6 of the Welfare and Institutions Code or under similar provisions of law of any other state. If, however, the determination is reversed and the person is determined not to be a sexual psychopath in a new proceeding or the proceeding to determine whether he or she is a sexual psychopath is dismissed, this section does not prohibit his or her employment thereafter.

87406.5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
contrary, the governing board of any community college district may employ any student enrolled in the district who is an ex-convict or who is on parole, other than a person determined to be a sexual psychopath, to perform noninstructional duties and such student workers shall not be considered to be classified employees.

87408. (a) When a community college district wishes to employ a person in an academic position and that person has not previously been employed in an academic position in this state, the district shall require a medical certificate showing that the applicant is free from any communicable disease, including, but not limited to, active tuberculosis, unfitting the applicant to instruct or associate with students. The medical certificate shall be submitted directly to the governing board by a physician and surgeon licensed under the Business and Professions Code, a commissioned medical officer exempted from licensure by Section 2144 of the Business and Professions Code, or a commissioned medical officer in the United States Air Force. The medical examination shall have been conducted not more than six months before the submission of the certificate and shall be at the expense of the applicant. A governing board may offer a contract of employment to an applicant subject to the submission of the required medical certificate. Notwithstanding Section 87031, the medical certificate shall become a part of the personnel record of the employee and shall be open to the employee or his or her designee.

(b) The governing board of a community college district may require academic employees to undergo a periodic medical examination by a physician and surgeon licensed under the Business and Professions Code, or a commissioned medical officer exempted from licensure by Section 2144 of the Business and Professions Code, to determine that the employee is free from any communicable disease, including, but not limited to, active tuberculosis, unfitting the applicant to instruct or associate with students. The periodic medical examination shall be at the expense of the district. The medical certificate shall become a part of the personnel record of the employee and shall be open to the employee or his or her designee.

87408.5. (a) When a community college district wishes to employ a retirant who is retired for service, and such person has not been previously employed as a retirant, such district shall require, as a condition of initial employment as a retirant, a medical certificate showing that the retirant is free from any disabling disease unfitting him or her to instruct or associate with students. The medical certificate shall be completed and submitted directly to the community college district by a physician and surgeon licensed under the Business and Professions Code or a commissioned medical officer exempted from licensure by Section 2144 of the Business and Professions Code. A medical examination shall be required for the completion of the medical certificate. Such examination shall be conducted not more than six months before the completion and submission of the certificate and shall be at the expense of the retirant. The medical certificate shall become a part of the personnel record of the employee and shall be open to the employee or his or her designee.
(b) The community college district which initially employed the retirant, or any such district which subsequently employs the retirant, may require a periodic medical examination by a physician and surgeon licensed under the Business and Professions Code or a commissioned medical officer exempted from licensure by Section 2144 of the Business and Professions Code, to determine that the retirant is free from any communicable disease unfitting him or her to instruct or associate with students. The periodic medical examination shall be at the expense of the community college district. The medical certificate shall become a part of the personnel record of the retirant and shall be open to the retirant or his or her designee.

87408.6. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (h), no person shall be initially employed by a community college district in an academic or classified position unless the person has submitted to an examination within the past 60 days to determine that he or she is free of active tuberculosis, by a physician and surgeon licensed under Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code. This examination shall consist of an X-ray of the lungs, or an approved intradermal tuberculin test, that, if positive, shall be followed by an X-ray of the lungs.

The X-ray film may be taken by a competent and qualified X-ray technician if the X-ray film is subsequently interpreted by a physician and surgeon licensed under Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.

The district superintendent, or his or her designee, may exempt, for a period not to exceed 60 days following termination of the pregnancy, a pregnant employee from the requirement that a positive intradermal tuberculin test be followed by an X-ray of the lungs.

(b) Thereafter, employees who are skin test negative shall be required to undergo the foregoing examination at least once each four years or more often if directed by the governing board upon recommendation of the local health officer for so long as the employee remains skin test negative. Once an employee has a documented positive skin test that has been followed by an X-ray, the foregoing examinations shall no longer be required and referral shall be made within 30 days of completion of the examination to the local health officer to determine the need for followup care.

(c) After the examination, each employee shall cause to be on file with the district superintendent a certificate from the examining physician and surgeon showing the employee was examined and found free from active tuberculosis. "Certificate," as used in this subdivision, means a certificate signed by the examining physician and surgeon or a notice from a public health agency or unit of the American Lung Association that indicates freedom from active tuberculosis. The latter, regardless of form, will constitute evidence of compliance with this section.

(d) This examination is a condition of initial employment and the expense incident thereto shall be borne by the applicant unless otherwise provided by rules of the governing board. However, the board may, if an applicant is accepted for employment, reimburse the person in a like manner prescribed for employees in subdivision (e).

(e) The governing board of each district shall reimburse the employee for the cost, if any, of this examination. The board may
provide for the examination required by this section or may establish a reasonable fee for the examination that is reimbursable to employees of the district complying with this section.

(f) At the discretion of the governing board, this section shall not apply to those employees not requiring certification qualifications who are employed for any period of time less than a college year whose functions do not require frequent or prolonged contact with students.

The governing board may, however, require the examination and may, as a contract condition, require the examination of persons employed under contract, other than those persons specified in subdivision (a), if the board believes the presence of these persons in and around college premises would constitute a health hazard to students.

(g) If the governing board of a community college district determines by resolution, after hearing, that the health of students in the district would not be jeopardized thereby, this section shall not apply to any employee of the district who files an affidavit stating that he or she adheres to the faith or teachings of any well-recognized religious sect, denomination, or organization and in accordance with its creed, tenets, or principles depends for healing upon prayer in the practice of religion and that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief he or she is free from active tuberculosis. If at any time there should be probable cause to believe that the affiant is afflicted with active tuberculosis, he or she may be excluded from service until the governing board of the employing district is satisfied that he or she is not so afflicted.

(h) A person who transfers his or her employment from one campus or community college district to another shall be deemed to meet the requirements of subdivision (a) if the person can produce a certificate that shows that he or she was examined within the past four years and was found to be free of communicable tuberculosis, or if it is verified by the college previously employing him or her that it has a certificate on file that contains that showing.

A person who transfers his or her employment from a private or parochial elementary school, secondary school, or nursery school to the community college district subject to this section shall be deemed to meet the requirements of subdivision (a) if the person can produce a certificate as provided for in Section 121525 of the Health and Safety Code that shows that he or she was examined within the past four years and was found to be free of communicable tuberculosis, or if it is verified by the school previously employing him or her that it has the certificate on file.

(i) Any governing board of a community college district providing for the transportation of students under contract shall require as a condition of the contract the examination for active tuberculosis, as provided in subdivision (a) of this section, of all drivers transporting the students, provided that privately contracted drivers who transport the students on an infrequent basis, not to exceed once a month, shall be excluded from this requirement.

(j) Examinations required pursuant to subdivision (i) shall be made available without charge by the local health officer.

87410. Any academic employee not a regular employee who fails to signify his acceptance within 45 consecutive calendar days after notice of his or her election or employment has been given him or
her, or mailed to him or her by United States registered mail with postage thereon prepaid at his or her last known place of address, by the clerk or secretary of the governing board of the community college district, shall be deemed to have declined the employment.

87411. If, without good cause, a regular employee of a community college district fails prior to July 1st of any college year to notify the governing board of the district of his or her intention to remain or not to remain in the service of the district, as the case may be, during the ensuing college year if a request to give that notice, including a copy of this section, was personally served upon the employee, or mailed to him or her by United States certified mail with return receipt requested to his or her last known place of address, by the clerk or secretary of the governing board of the community college district, not later than the preceding May 30th, the employee may be deemed to have declined employment and his or her services as an employee of the district may be terminated on June 30th of that year.

87413. Except as otherwise provided in Sections 87415 to 87424, inclusive, every contract or regular employee employed before July 1, 1947, shall be deemed to have been employed on the date upon which he or she first accepted employment in a probationary position.

In case two or more employees accepted employment on the same date, the governing board of the district shall determine the order of employment by lots drawn by the employees concerned or assigned at random by an independent auditing firm employed in accordance with Section 87414.

87414. Every contract or regular employee employed after June 30, 1947, shall be deemed to have been employed on the date upon which he or she first rendered paid service in a probationary or contract position.

Every academic employee who first rendered paid service on the same date shall participate in a single drawing to determine the order of employment, except that in community college districts having a full-time equivalent student in excess of 15,000, an independent auditing firm may be employed to assign to those employees numbers at random which shall determine the order of employment. Any determination of an employee's order of employment pursuant to this section shall be made within 30 days of the date service was first rendered by the employee.

87415. The following general provisions shall apply regardless of date of employment:

The order once determined by lot shall be permanent, and shall be entered on the permanent records of the district.

Records showing date of employment, whether kept by the district or by the county, shall be accessible, on demand, to any academic employee of the district or to his or her designated representative.

In the absence of records as to any of the matters referred to in the two preceding sections, the board, in accordance with evidence
presented, shall determine the order of employment after giving employees a reasonable opportunity to present such evidence.

The governing board of every community college district shall establish the order of employment of all contract or regular employees of the district in the manner prescribed by Sections 87400 to 87424, inclusive, and shall keep a roster of same as a public record.

Whether or not a roster is kept in other districts, the order of employment in all districts, when required, shall be determined as prescribed by Sections 87400 to 87424, inclusive.

The board shall have power and it shall be its duty to correct any errors discovered from time to time in its records showing the order of employment.

87416. When any college or part thereof shall have been transferred from one community college district to another, employment for any employees who transfer with the college or part thereof shall date from the time those employees first accepted employment (if before July 1, 1947) or rendered paid service (if after June 30, 1947) as contract employees in the district from which the college or part thereof and the employees were transferred.

87417. When any academic employee shall have resigned or been dismissed for cause and shall thereafter have been reemployed by the board, his or her date of employment shall be deemed to be the date on which he or she first accepted reemployment (if reemployed before July 1, 1947) or rendered paid service (if reemployed after June 30, 1947) after his or her reemployment.

When an employee's services are terminated for lack of enrollment or discontinuance of service or are otherwise interrupted in a manner declared by law not to constitute a break in service, his or her original order of employment shall stand.

87418. Nothing in Section 72400, Part 13 (commencing with Section 22000), Article 5 (commencing with Section 32340) of Chapter 3 of Part 19, of Division 1 of Title 1 and this part, shall be construed in a manner to deprive any person of his or her rights and remedies in a court of competent jurisdiction on a question of law and fact.

87419. Nothing in Section 72400, Part 13 (commencing with Section 22000), Article 5 (commencing with Section 32340) of Chapter 3 of Part 19, of Division 1 of Title 1 and this part, shall be construed to repeal or negate any provisions concerning employees of community college districts contained in the charter of any city, county, or city and county, adopted and approved in conformity with Article XI of the California Constitution.

87419.1. Notwithstanding Section 87419, and notwithstanding provisions of the charter of any city or city and county to the contrary, on and after July 1, 1978, the academic employees of any community college district governed by the charter who serve as the head of a department of the district or in an administrative or
supervisory position shall neither acquire nor retain permanent status in that position unless the employee is or becomes eligible for permanent status in accordance with provisions of this code.

87482.8. Whenever possible:
   (a) Part-time faculty should be informed of assignments at least six weeks in advance.
   (b) Part-time faculty should be paid for the first week of an assignment when class is cancelled less than two weeks before the beginning of a semester. If a class meets more than once per week, part-time faculty should be paid for all classes that were scheduled for that week.
   (c) The names of part-time faculty should be listed in the schedule of classes rather than just described as "staff."
   (d) Part-time faculty should be considered to be an integral part of their departments and given all the rights normally afforded to full-time faculty in the areas of book selection, participation in department activities, and the use of college resources, including, but not necessarily limited to, telephones, copy machines, supplies, office space, mail boxes, clerical staff, library, and professional development.

87600. The provisions of this article govern the employment of persons by a district to serve in faculty positions and establish certain rights for these employees. Other provisions of the law which govern the employment of community college faculty or establish rights and responsibilities for these persons shall be applied to persons employed by community college districts in a manner consistent with the provisions of this article.

87601. For the purposes of this article:
   (a) "Academic year" means that period between the first day of a fall semester or quarter and the last day of the following spring semester or quarter, excluding any intersession term that has been excluded pursuant to an applicable collective bargaining agreement.
   (b) "Contract employee" means an employee of a district who is employed on the basis of a contract in accordance with Section 87605, subdivision (b) of Section 87608, or subdivision (b) of Section 87608.5.
   (c) "District" means a community college district.
   (d) "Positions requiring certification qualifications" are those positions which provide the services for which certifications have been established in this code.
   (e) "Regular employee" means an employee of a district who is employed in accordance with subdivision (c) of Section 87608, subdivision (c) of Section 87608.5, or Section 87609.

87602. For the purposes of other provisions of law:
   (a) A contract employee is a probationary employee.
   (b) A regular or tenured employee is a permanent employee.

87603. This article does not apply to the employment of
administrators employed by appointment or contract pursuant to Section 72411.

87604. The governing board of a community college district shall employ each academic employee as a contract employee, regular employee, or temporary employee.

87605. The governing board of a district shall employ faculty for the first academic year of his or her employment by contract. Any person who, at the time an employment contract is offered to him or her by the district, is neither a tenured employee of the district nor a probationary employee then serving under a second or third contract entered into pursuant to Section 87608 shall be deemed to be employed for "the first academic year of his or her employment." A faculty member shall be deemed to have completed his or her first contract year if he or she provides service for 75 percent of the first academic year.

87606. An employment contract shall contain such terms and conditions as the governing board and the proposed employee shall agree upon and as are consistent with the provisions of the law.

87607. Before making a decision relating to the continued employment of a contract employee, the following requirements shall be satisfied:

(a) The employee has been evaluated in accordance with the evaluation standards and procedures established in accordance with the provisions of Article 4 (commencing with Section 87660) of this chapter, a fact determined solely by the governing board.

(b) The governing board has received statements of the most recent evaluations.

(c) The governing board has received recommendations of the superintendent of the district and, if the employee is employed at a community college, the recommendations of the president of that community college.

(d) The governing board has considered the statement of evaluation and the recommendations in a lawful meeting of the board.

87608. If a contract employee is working under his or her first contract, the governing board, at its discretion and not subject to judicial review except as expressly provided in Sections 87610.1 and 87611, shall elect one of the following alternatives:

(a) Not enter into a contract for the following academic year.

(b) Enter into a contract for the following academic year.

(c) Employ the contract employee as a regular employee for all subsequent academic years.

87608.5. If a contract employee is working under his or her second contract, the governing board, at its discretion and not subject to judicial review except as expressly provided in Sections 87610.1 and
87611, shall elect one of the following alternatives:
   (a) Not enter into a contract for the following academic year.
   (b) Enter into a contract for the following two academic years.
   (c) Employ the contract employee as a regular employee for all subsequent academic years.

87609. If a contract employee is employed under his or her third consecutive contract entered into pursuant to Section 87608.5, the governing board shall elect one of the following alternatives:
   (a) Employ the probationary employee as a tenured employee for all subsequent academic years.
   (b) Not employ the probationary employee as a tenured employee.

87610. (a) The governing board shall give written notice of its decision under Section 87608 or 87608.5 and the reasons therefor to the employee on or before March 15 of the academic year covered by the existing contract. The notice shall be by registered or certified mail to the most recent address on file with the district personnel office. Failure to give the notice as required to a contract employee under his or her first or second contract shall be deemed an extension of the existing contract without change for the following academic year.
   (b) The governing board shall give written notice of its decision under Section 87609 and the reasons therefor to the employee on or before March 15 of the last academic year covered by the existing contract. The notice shall be by registered or certified mail to the most recent address on file with the district personnel office. Failure to give the notice as required to a contract employee under his or her third consecutive contract shall be deemed a decision to employ him or her as a regular employee for all subsequent academic years.

87610.1. (a) In those districts where tenure evaluation procedures are collectively bargained pursuant to Section 3543 of the Government Code, the faculty’s exclusive representative shall consult with the academic senate prior to engaging in collective bargaining on these procedures.
   (b) Allegations that the community college district, in a decision to grant tenure, made a negative decision that to a reasonable person was unreasonable, or violated, misinterpreted, or misapplied, any of its policies and procedures concerning the evaluation of probationary employees shall be classified and procedurally addressed as grievances. Allegations that the community college district in a decision to reappoint a probationary employee violated, misinterpreted, or misapplied any of its policies and procedures concerning the evaluation of probationary employees shall be classified and procedurally addressed as grievances. If there is no contractual grievance procedure resulting in arbitration, these allegations shall proceed to hearing in accordance with Section 87740.
   "Arbitration," as used in this section, refers to advisory arbitration, as well as final and binding arbitration.
   (c) Any grievance brought pursuant to subdivision (b) may be filed by an employee on his or her behalf, or by the exclusive bargaining
representative on behalf of an employee or a group of employees in accordance with Chapter 10.7 (commencing with Section 3540) of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code. The exclusive representative shall have no duty of fair representation with respect to taking any of these grievances to arbitration, and the employee shall be entitled to pursue a matter to arbitration with or without the representation by the exclusive representative. However, if a case proceeds to arbitration without representation by the exclusive representative, the resulting decision shall not be considered a precedent for purposes of interpreting tenure procedures and policies, or the collective bargaining agreement, but instead shall affect only the result in that particular case. When arbitrations are not initiated by the exclusive representative, the district shall require the employee submitting the grievance to file with the arbitrator or another appropriate party designated in the collective bargaining agreement, adequate security to pay the employee's share of the cost of arbitration.

(d) The arbitrator shall be without power to grant tenure, except for failure to give notice on or before March 15 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 87610. The arbitrator may issue an appropriate make-whole remedy, which may include, but need not be limited to, backpay and benefits, reemployment in a probationary position, and reconsideration. Procedures for reconsideration of decisions not to grant tenure shall be agreed to by the governing board and the exclusive representative of faculty pursuant to Chapter 10.7 (commencing with Section 3540) of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

(e) Any employees who are primarily engaged in faculty or other bargaining unit duties, who perform "supervisory" or "management" duties incidental to their performance of primary professional duties shall not be deemed supervisory or managerial employees as those terms are defined in Section 3540.1 of the Government Code, because of those duties. These duties include, but are not limited to, serving on hiring, selection, promotion, evaluation, budget development, and affirmative action committees, and making effective recommendations in connection with these activities. These employees whose duties are substantially similar to those of their fellow bargaining unit members shall not be considered supervisory or management employees.

87611. A final decision reached following a grievance or hearing conducted pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 87610.1 shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to Section 1094.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

87612. Until terminated in accordance with provisions of law, a part-time regular employee shall be assigned, and compensated, for a period of service less than 75 percent of the number of days the colleges of the district are maintained during each academic year. The governing board of the employing district may establish an assignment for any period of days less than 75 percent.

At its discretion, the governing board of the employing district may assign and compensate a part-time regular employee for a period of service of 75 percent or more of the number of days the colleges of the district are maintained during each academic year. Such an
assignment shall not change the employee's classification to that of full-time regular employee unless an assignment of this type is made for two consecutive academic years.

Cal. Admin. Code tit. 5, s 51025

BARCLAYS OFFICIAL CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS
TITLE 5. EDUCATION
DIVISION 6. CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY COLLEGES
CHAPTER 2. COMMUNITY COLLEGE STANDARDS
SUBCHAPTER 1. MINIMUM CONDITIONS

s 51025. Full-Time/Part-Time Faculty.

This section relates to and should be read in conjunction with subchapter 3 (commencing with section 53300) of chapter 4 of this division.

(a) By November 20 of each fiscal year the Board of Governors shall determine whether funds provided for cost-of-living adjustment, less any net reductions to the programs and allocations specified in subsection (b), are adequate to allow full or partial implementation of the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection (c) and whether additional funds have been provided to allow implementation of the provisions of paragraph (6) of subsection (c). The Board of Governors may revise these determinations, and may revise the district's full-time faculty hiring obligations, based on the above criteria, at any time subsequent to the state enacting mid-year reductions to one or more of the programs or allocations specified in subsection (b).

(b) For the purposes of this section the following programs and allocations are deemed to be essential and core to the mission and budgets of the California Community Colleges: general apportionment, growth for apportionment, cost-of-living adjustments, basic skills, Partnership for Excellence, financial aid administration, Extended Opportunity Programs and Services, Disabled Student Programs and Services, matriculation, part-time faculty compensation, part-time faculty health insurance, part-time faculty office hours, program improvement and allocations directed specifically to help reach the 75 percent full-time faculty standard.

(c) If a district's full-time faculty percentage, as calculated pursuant to section 53308, is less than 75 percent, the following shall apply:

1) If the Board of Governors has determined pursuant to subsection (a) that adequate funds have been provided for implementation of this paragraph, the district's base full-time faculty obligation (as defined in section 53311) shall be increased for the fall term of the succeeding fiscal year, by the product of the base full-time faculty obligation multiplied by the percentage change in funded credit FTES, rounded down to the nearest whole number.

In computing the district's full-time faculty obligation for the succeeding fiscal year, the base obligation will be increased by the lower of the projected fundable growth at the time of the budget enactment or the actual percentage change in funded credit FTES. For the second succeeding fall term the obligation will be adjusted to the actual percentage change in funded
(2) Districts which, as determined from their base data, had a full-time faculty percentage of 67 percent or greater, but less than 75 percent shall apply up to 33 percent of their program improvement allocation pursuant to subsection (b) of section 58775, as necessary to reach the 75 percent standard pursuant to paragraph (4) below.

(3) Districts which, as determined from their base data, had a full-time faculty percentage of less than 67 percent shall apply up to 40 percent of their program improvement allocation pursuant to subsection (b) of section 58775, as necessary to reach the 75 percent standard pursuant to paragraph (4) below.

(4) For program improvement funds identified in paragraph (2) or (3), as appropriate, the district's base full-time faculty obligation shall be further increased for the fall term of the succeeding fiscal year, by the quotient of the applicable program improvement funds divided by the statewide average replacement cost for the current fiscal year, rounded down to the nearest whole number.

(5) If the number of full-time faculty derived in paragraphs (1) and (4), or in paragraph (6), result in the district exceeding the 75 percent standard, the Chancellor shall reduce the number of the full-time obligation to a point that leaves the district as close as possible to, but in excess of, the 75 percent standard.

(6) If the Board of Governors determines pursuant to subsection (a) that additional funds have been provided for the purpose of increasing the full-time faculty percentage, the district's base full-time faculty obligation shall be further increased for the fall term of the succeeding fiscal year by the quotient of the applicable funds divided by the statewide average replacement costs for the current fiscal year, rounded down to the nearest whole number.

(7) If the Board of Governors determines pursuant to subsection (a) that adequate funds have not been provided to implement paragraph (1), the district's base full-time faculty obligation shall be unchanged. However, for the fall term of the succeeding fiscal year the district may choose, in lieu of maintaining its base obligation, to maintain, at a minimum, the full-time faculty percentage attained in the prior fall term.

(d) Statewide average replacement cost is the statewide average faculty salary plus benefits, minus the product of the statewide average hourly rate of compensation for part-time faculty times the statewide average full-time teaching load.

(e) On or before January 31 of each year, the Chancellor shall determine, based on information submitted by districts, the extent to which each district, by the fall term of that fiscal year, has maintained or hired the number of full-time faculty, or maintained the full-time faculty percentage if applicable, determined pursuant to subsection (c) for the prior fiscal year. To the extent that the number of full-time faculty or percentage of full-time faculty has not been maintained or additional full-time faculty have not been retained, the Chancellor shall reduce the district's revenue for the current fiscal year by an amount equal to the average replacement cost.
for the prior fiscal year times the deficiency in the number or percentage equivalent of full-time faculty. If the Board has determined, pursuant to subsection (a), that there are not adequate funds in the current fiscal year to allow full implementation of paragraph (1) of subsection (c), then the Chancellor may defer this reduction of revenue until the subsequent fiscal year in which the Board determines that adequate funds have been provided to allow full implementation of that paragraph. To the extent a district hires the additional full-time faculty in subsequent fiscal years, the reductions will no longer be levied. Notwithstanding this provision, the Chancellor may not waive reductions that are deferred under the authority of this subsection. The Chancellor may authorize a funding reduction that is deferred under the authority of this subsection to be made over a period not to exceed three fiscal years, provided that the district is meeting its full-time faculty obligation and it is the Chancellor's judgment that the district's financial integrity otherwise would be jeopardized.

(f) All revenues available due to reductions made pursuant to subsection (e), shall be made available for statewide distribution on a one-time basis for that fiscal year, for purposes of promoting equal employment opportunities for faculty and staff pursuant to Education Code section 87107.

(g) For districts that experience a reduction in base credit FTES, the Chancellor shall make a proportionate reduction to their base number of full-time faculty.